

**20A-3-202 Challenges to a voter's eligibility -- Basis for challenge -- Procedures.**

- (1) A person's right to vote may be challenged because:
  - (a) the voter is not the person whose name appears in the official register or under which name the right to vote is claimed;
  - (b) the voter is not a resident of Utah;
  - (c) the voter is not a citizen of the United States;
  - (d) the voter has not or will not have resided in Utah for 30 days immediately before the date of the election;
  - (e) the voter's principal place of residence is not in the voting precinct claimed;
  - (f) the voter's principal place of residence is not in the geographic boundaries of the election area;
  - (g) the voter has already voted in the election;
  - (h) the voter is not at least 18 years of age;
  - (i) the voter has been convicted of a misdemeanor for an offense under this title and the voter's right to vote in an election has not been restored under Section 20A-2-101.3;
  - (j) the voter is a convicted felon and the voter's right to vote in an election has not been restored under Section 20A-2-101.5; or
  - (k) in a regular primary election or in the Western States Presidential Primary, the voter does not meet the political party affiliation requirements for the ballot the voter seeks to vote.
- (2) A person who challenges another person's right to vote at an election shall do so according to the procedures and requirements of:
  - (a) Section 20A-3-202.3, for challenges issued in writing more than 21 days before the day on which voting commences; or
  - (b) Section 20A-3-202.5, for challenges issued in person at the time of voting.

Amended by Chapter 251, 2012 General Session